

## Case Report

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# Managing PCOS with Samshodhan Therapy: A Case Report

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# **ABSTRACT**

Background: Polycystic Ovarian Syndrome is one of the most common metabolic and reproductive disorder among women of reproductive age. This condition is characterized by elevated androgen levels, anovulatory menstrual abnormalities and multiple small cysts in ovaries. This female endocrine disorder is prevalent in age group of 18-45 years with rate ranging from 2.2% to 26%. Sedentary life style, faulty dietary habits lead to obesity in young adults which results in metabolic and hormonal disturbances such as insulin resistance, hyperandrogenemia etc. In Avurvedic literature, the features associated with PCOS closely resemble with Nasta Artava, Ksheen Artava and a group of Yoni Vvapada like Bandhya, Araiska, Lohitkshara and Artava Vaha Strotas Viddh Lakshana mentioned by Acharva Sushruta. PCOS also has close resemblance with Pushpqhani Jatharini mentioned by Acharya Kashyapa. Symptoms of PCOS mimic with conditions like Sthoulya, Aratava Kshaya, Agni Mandya, Rrakta/Medo Dhatu Dushti, Granthi Roga. So, based upon Rog lakshana and dosha dushya involvement, Ayurveda explains Nidana parivarjanam and Shamshodhan as a prime line of treatment for PCOS. Aim & Objectives: The main aim of this study is to establish the role of Samshodhan therapy in PCOS. PCOS can be considered as Tridoshaj Vyadhi with Vata & Kapha predominance that is the reason Vamana for Kapha Shodhan and Virechana for Vata and Pitta Sanshuddhi were planned to achieve desired results. Results: In this case study, a 27 years female patient suffering from symptoms like Ksheen Artava, Granthibhoot artava, Sthoulya, was managed with Samshodhan therapy and got complete relief from symptoms. Conclusion: This case study corroborates the importance of Samshodhan Chikitsa in PCOS.

**Keywords:** Samshodhan therapy, Ksheen Artava, Granthibhoot Artava, Polycystic Ovarian Syndrome, Nidana Parivarjan, Agni Mandya.

# INTRODUCTION

Polycystic ovarian syndrome, Stein - Leventhal Syndrome or Hyper androgen anovulation Syndrome is a common complex hormonal condition which was first diagnosed in 1935 by Stein- Leventhal. PCOS is multifactorial and polygenic condition[1]. Diagnosis is based upon the presence of any of two criteria: Oligo and or anovulation, Hyperandrogenism (chemical and or biochemical) and Polycystic ovaries. PCOS is a heterogenous disorder with neuro endocrine findings and characterized by menstrual abnormalities in the form of oligomenorrhoea, amenorrhea, or dysfunctional uterine bleeding[2]. There may be hirsutism, acne, alopecia. Women with PCOS are more likely to develop various metabolic and reproductive health consequences that includes Abortions, Gestational diabetes, Hypertensive disorder, Pre-eclampsia, Pre -Diabetes, Type 2 Diabetes, Cardiovascular disorders, Stroke, Chronic Kidney Disease, Breast Cancer and others. Unhealthy life style and dietary behavior resulting in overweight, obesity, insulin resistance excess androgens are known to be risk factors. Leading causes for the development of PCOS are overconsumption of diet and drinks with high glycemic index, fructose, trans fat, animal fat, processed food[3]. In Ayuveda, Ahitkar Ahar and Vihar leads to various kinds of diseases. Also, Agnidushti is the leading cause of all types of diseases[4]. In this present case study, patient showed the features of Nasta artava<sup>[5]</sup> (disappearance of menstruation at the time of natural mensturation, amount of bleeding of menstrual flow is less, pain while menstruating), Granthibhoot Artava (name itself suggests "clotted appearance of menstrual blood) and Sthaulya (obesity). Conclusive treatment of mainly all the diseases resembling with PCOS is Nidana Parivarajan and Samshodhan therapy. Thus, Nidana Parivarjan and Samprapti Vighatan done by Shamshodhan therapy comes as the effective treatment in management of Bahu Dosha Awastha. Moreover, it is a metabolic disorder and Shodhana Karma properly channelizes body's metabolism by removing "Sanga" (obstruction caused by Vitiated Kapha) in Artava Vaha Strotas, leads to proper ovulation. When there is removal of obstruction, Vitiated Vata Dosha comes back in its natural state (Apana Vayu in its natural state performs the function of natural flow of Mala, Mutra and Artava i.e., Menstrual flow) and thus normal menstruation occurs[6].

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#### CASE REPORT

# **Chief complaints**

- Gradual weight gain in the last 3 years.
- Irregular menstruation (increased menstrual interval) in the past 1 year.

### **Patient Information**

This is the case of a 27 years old Mexican female patient who is musician by profession was diagnosed with PCOS at the age of 19 years. Patient was under regular hormonal therapy for ten years. In February 2021, patient came to India for her personal reasons because of this she discontinued the intake of hormonal pills. After discontinuation of hormones, patient developed irregular menses (prolonged menstrual interval) along with frequent headaches, mood swings. In addition, patient also complained of gradual weight gain in last three years. With all these complaints she came to the Ayurvedic hospital.

### **Treatment History:**

- Patient was under cyclic hormonal therapy for ten years.
- Withdrawal of hormonal therapy 1 year back.

**History of Past illness-** No History of any chronic illness/surgical intervention.

Family history- No relevant family history was found.

# Personal History:

Appetite – Increased (10-12 hours/Night)

Thirst – Normal Sleep – Increased Prakriti - Kaphavataja Koshtha – Madhyam

# **Menstrual History:**

Interval-40-70 days

Duration- 2-3 days

Amount- 1-2 pads/day

Smell- Not present

Clots-Present (2-3mm in size)

LMP- 21-6-22

# **General Physical Examination of Patient-**

Examination	Findings
Weight	80 Kg
Height	5′5″
BMI	29.3kg/m <sup>2</sup>
ВР	110/70 mm Hg
Pulse Rate	86 per minute
Breast examination	NAD

#### Systemic examination:

Cardiovascular System/Respiratory System-NAD

Central Nervous System-Conscious, oriented.

### Vitals-

Temperature – 98°F Respiratory Rate – 18/min Pulse Rate – 74/min Blood pressure – 116/80mm of Hg

# Ashtvidha pariksha –

Nadi - Kapha pradhan Mala- Samanya
Mutra - Nirmal Jihva - Anavrutta
Shabda - Spasht Sparsh - Mridu
Druka - Samanya Akriti - Madhyam
Koshtha - Madhyam

### Laboratory Reports - (22/07/2022)

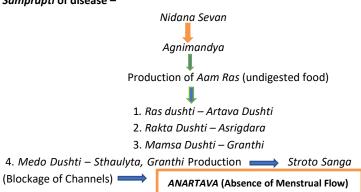
**USG (Abdomen)** – uterus is A.V., normal in size, shape and in echotexture.

Endometrial echo is well defined with thickness of 5.3mm.

Right ovary – Multiple small follicles of 5 - 5.1 mm sizes seen in the ovary

Left Ovary - No follicles seen

# Samprapti of disease -



# Samprapti Ghatkas:

**Dosha** – Kapha Pradhana Tridosha

Dushya - Ras, Rakta, Mamsa, Meda

Strotas – Rasavaha, Raktavaha, Mamsavaha, Medovaha, Artava vaha

Rogmarga – Abhyantara

Adhisthana – Garbhashya, Phalkosha

**Diagnosis –** K/C/O PCOS *- Ksheen* and *Granthibhoot Artava* with *Sthaulva* 

**Treatment Protocol** – As the patient was in the stage of *Bahu dosha* (vitiation of *Doshas* in large amount) and conclusive treatment for this kind of treatment is *Shamshodhan* therapy. So, *Shamshodhan Karma* was planned for complete detoxification of body and for the sake of

bringing *Doshas* in equilibrium (*Sam Awastha*). Since 20<sup>th</sup> July 2021, hormonal therapy was completely withdrawn. *Deepan* and *Pachan Karma* with *Chitakadi Vati* was done for three days.

11/08/2022 - 15/08/2022, Snehpaan with Panchtikt Ghrita for five days was done.

### Protocol for Vaman Krama:

Table 1: Protocol for Vaman Krama

Sr.	Type of	Intervention	Dose	Days	Route of
No.	intervention				Administration
1	Deepan - Pachan	Chitrakadi vati	250 mg	3 days	Oral
2	Snehpaan	Panchtikta ghrita	40ml – 210ml	5 days in incremental dose	Oral
3	Sarvang Abhyang	Balashwagandha taila	Till appearance of proper symptoms	3days	External Application
4	Nadi Swedana	Dashmool Kwath	Till appearance proper symptoms	3days	External Application
5	Kapha provocative Ahara	Masha pudding + curd Rice pudding	As per need	Last night before <i>Vaman</i>	Oral
6	Vaman karma	Madanphal Pippali Churna Vacha Churna Madhuyashti Kwath Saindhav Lavan Madhu	4 gm 1 gm 150 ml 1 gm 25 gm	1 Day	Oral

17<sup>th</sup> August 2022, *Vaman Karma* was completed without any complication followed by *Samsarjan Karma* for five days.

**Result after** *Vaman Karma*: Patient got her periods on 28<sup>th</sup> August 2022 for two days. This time her periods were moderately free from menstrual cramps and menstrual blood was free from clots. Also, patient weight was reduced up to 3.5kg.

Virechana Karma: Virechana karma was completed on 26 Sep. 2022.

Table 2: Virechana Karma

Sr.	Type of intervention	Intervention	Dose	Days	Form of
No.					Administration
1	Snehpaan	Panchtikta ghrit	40- 120ml	4 days	Oral
2	Sarvang Abhyang	Balashwagandha tail	Till proper symptoms	5 days	External
			appear	(11 <sup>th</sup> -15 <sup>th</sup> day)	Application
3	Nadi Swedana	Dashmool Kwath	Till proper symptoms	5days	External
			appear	(11 <sup>th</sup> -15 <sup>th</sup> day)	Application
4	Virechana karma	Haritaki Churna	18gm	1 Day	Oral
		Sanaya Patra Churna	20 gm	(15 <sup>th</sup> day)	
		Saindhav	8 gm		
		Argbadh Phal Majja	2		
		Munakka	10-12	1	
		Trifla Kwath	150 ml	†	

During Samshodhan Karma, no Shaman Ausadhi was given to patient. Patient got her periods on 4<sup>th</sup> October 2022 for five days. There was total 8kg loss of body weight after Vamana and Virechana Karma. Patients is free from headaches or any mood swings which were severe before commencement of procedure.

Table 3: Baseline features

Features	Before Treatment	After treatment
Weight	80Kg	72 Kg
BMI	29.3 kg/ m <sup>2</sup>	26.4kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Menstrual cycle interval	40 – 70 days	30 – 34 days
Clots	Present (2-3mm)	Absent
Headache	frequent headaches	occasionally present
Feeling of Heaviness	Present	Absent

#### DISCUSSION

#### Role of Purva Karma -

Before proceeding to main karma i.e., Samshodhan Karma, Purva Karma are needed to be done. Purva Karma includes Deepan, Pachan, Snehana and Swedana

**Deepan Karma** – It means ignition of digestive fire. *Deepan drugs* are having properties of *Agneya* and *Vayu Mahabhoot Pradhan*. Commentator *Hemadri* says, *Deepan* drugs helps in separation of *Leena Dosha* from *Dhatu*. Here, there is involvement of *Mandagni*. So, *Deepan* drugs are necessary for ignition of digestive fire so that *Agni* gets normalized.

**Pachan Karma** – It means digestion of *Ama* (undigested food). *Pachan Karma* is done in a condition where *Ama Awastha* is found. If *Snehana Karma* is done in *Amaj* condition, it leads to destruction of sensory perception and even death. Symptoms like *Vibhandh* (Constipation) and *Glani* (exhaustion/fatigue) appear if *Samshodhan* medicine is given in *Ama* condition<sup>[7]</sup>. That's why *Deepan* and *Pachan Karma* are needed before initiation of *Snehana* and *Samshodhan Karma*.

Snehana Karma – Snehana Karma is done in two forms – Internal and External application. Internal application is done for minimum three days and maximum for seven days. Days for Internal application (Snehpaan) depends upon patient's Kostha, Agni and appearance of proper Snehana symptoms. Snehana Dravya properties are likely to increase the properties of Kapha Dosha. Hence Snehpaan on regular use is supposed to cause provocation of Kapha Dosha (Kapha Utkleshan) and so is the main aim of Snehpaan. Snehana also increases the Drava Guna of Doshas which is needed for the eviction of vitiated Doshas. Snehana Dravya with its Sukshma property, reach even at minute channels and performs its action their too.

Another form of Snehana karma is external application i.e., Sarvang Abhyang (full body massage with medicated oil). Main purpose of Snehana Karma before Pradhan Karma is alleviation of Vata Dosha and softness of Doshas (Dosha Mriduta), which results in expulsion of Doshas from body without any discomfort<sup>[8]</sup>.

**Swedana Karma-** Sarvang Swedana (fomentation) results in *Dosha Dravta* (liquefaction of *Doshas*) and helps to move *Doshas* from *Shakha* (extremities) to *Koshtha*. *Koshtha* is nearest route for expulsion of *Doshas* through *Samshodhan Karma*<sup>[9]</sup>.

Role of Vaman Karma – Vaman Karma which is also called as Emesis therapy, is responsible for eviction of Kapha Dosha followed by Pitta

and Vata Dosha. Drugs which are used in Vaman Karma reside the Ushna, Teekshan, Chedhan, Vyavayi and Vikasi property. These properties of Vamak drugs are responsible for liquefaction, scraping of Kapha Dosha. With the help of Vyavayi Guna, drug reaches whole body through minute channels, thus scraps the vitiated Doshas from whole body. PCOS appears due to Agnidushti (Agnimandya) along with Ras, Rakta, Mamsa and Medo Dhatu Dushti. Both Kapha Dosha and Medo Dhatu are having similar properties. Due to the action of Vamak drugs, symptoms of vitiated Kapha dosha get decreased and so as of Medo Dhatu Dushti. Kapha is responsible for trapping the normal flow of Pitta and Vata Dosha. Vaman Karma pacifies increased Kapha dosha mainly. When there is removal of obstruction caused by increased Kapha Dosha, Pitta and Vata Dosha get rid of obstruction. Normal function of Vata and Pitta Dosha crop up again.

Role of Virechana karma - Virechana karma /purgative therapy is a procedure for removal of vitiated Pitta Dosha through anal route and is indicated in Pitta dosha dominant diseases. Virechana drugs reside the properties like Ushna, Teekshan (responsible for digestion of Ama Dosha), Sukshma (drug reaches within minute channels and thus results in expulsion of Doshas from minute channels), Vyavayi and Vikasi Guna. Virechana Smyak Lakshan indicates expulsion of Doshas in specific manner: feces - Pitta - Kapha - Vata Dosha<sup>[10]</sup>. Symptoms that might appear after Virechana Karma are: purification of senses, clarification of channels, lightness of body, full of energy, increase of digestive fire, free of disease. Agni Dushti is found to be main cause of disease. As Virechana Karma is responsible for increasing digestive fire proper formation of *Updhatu* (product of dhatu which function as construction and nourishing of body) will happen. Stanya (lactation) and Artava (menstruation) are Updhatu of Ras Dhatu<sup>[11]</sup>. With the increase in digestive fire, proper formation of *Updhatu* will happen. Due to normalization of Agni, proper metabolism will take place followed by decrease in Medo Dhatu Vridhi. In the last step of Virechana Karma, Vata Anuloman transpires. Normal Flow of Menstruation blood is the function of natural Apana Vayu. After the removal of all kind of obstruction, Vata Dosha also come back in its natural state and thus normal flow of menstruation crops up.

## CONCLUSION

PCOS has become a very common life style related serious problems if remain untreated. In Ayurveda, PCOS is not named as a single disease, but it is an imbalance of specific *Doshas* and *Dhatu Dushti*. In Modern, hormonal therapy play important role in treating PCOS patients. These hormones have so many side effects such as nausea, vomiting, headaches, leg cramps, abnormal weight gain, menstrual abnormalities. Major side effects are depression, Hypertension, venous

thromboembolism, arterial thrombosis which can be life- threatening. Ayurveda provides *Shamshodhan* therapy, a promising and effective cure to PCOS patients without causing side effects. This therapy helps to regulate the imbalance of *Doshas* and body's metabolism. Further, proper formation of *Dhatus* & their *Updhatus* ensues in proper manner. This therapy makes person mentally and physically healthy. This case. This case study corroborates the importance of *Samshodhan Chikitsa* in PCOS.

# Conflict of Interest

The authors declare no conflict of interest.

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